

# Joint Research on IPv6 Network Management: Research Development and Demonstration



AfgREN



BdREN



CamREN



LEARN



Mae Fah Luang University



MYREN



NREN



PERN



SingAREN



TEIN'CC



ThaiREN



University of Computer Studies,  
Yangon



University of Gottingen



University of Malaya



University of Surrey



Tsinghua University



Beijing University of Posts and  
Telecommunications



The Institute of Information  
Engineering, CAS



Bitway



The Department of Computing  
(COMP), the Hong Kong  
Polytechnic University



UESTC



E-Hualu



Shandong University

Mar.8, 2022

# Content

- **Project Outline**
- **Work Progress**
- **APNIC ISIF Funding Program**

# International Cooperation

**14 countries, 23 research organizations**

**Excellent Mix of Key Experiences of IPv6 Network Management**

**13 research organizations from**

**11 Asian countries**

TEIN\*CC

SingAREN, Singapore

ThaiRen, Thailand

MYREN, Malaysia

LEARN, Sri Lanka

NREN, Nepal

PERN, Pakistan

BdREN, Bengal

CamREN, Cambodia

AfgREN, Afghanistan

University of Computer Studies, Yangon,

Myanmar

University of Malaya , Malaysia

Mae Fah Luang University, Thailand



**2 research organizations from  
European countries**

University of Gottingen, Germany

University of Surrey, UK

**8 Chinese research  
organizations**

Tsinghua University

BUPT

CAS

Bit-Way

Shenzhen Research Institute, HKPU

UESTC

Shandong University

eHualu

**Promote Network Technology Innovation and  
Application Demonstration**

# Research Content

## Demonstration of IPv6 Cyberspace Collaborative Management

Validation of key technologies, devices, systems and governance rules

### Collaborative Management Architecture Model for IPv6 Cyberspace

Support open connection of IPv6 management system from different countries, with different types and architectures

### IPv6 International Inter-Network Threat Tracing

Implement online threat discovery, offline threat mining, retention traceability and controllable traceability

### Active Measurement of Massive IPv6 Address Space

Implement massive IPv6 address space scanning, IPv6 network digital asset management, topology discovery, performance and security measurement

### Passive Measurement in High-speed IPv6 Network

Do encrypted traffic identification, VPN traffic identification and construction of Network Behavior Knowledge Base

### New Rules for International Cooperative Governance on IPv6 Cyberspace

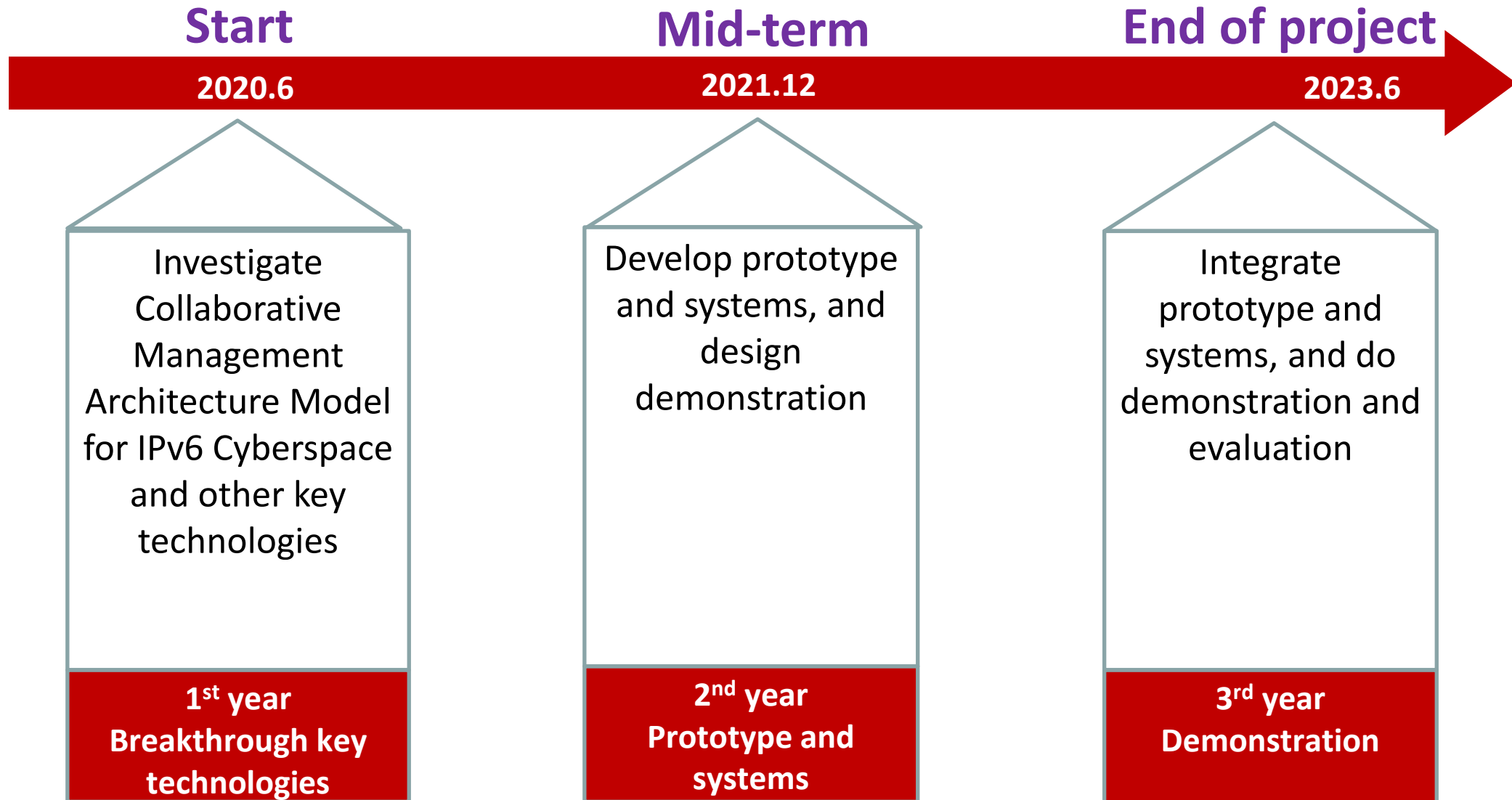
Set up international governance credit system of IPv6 cyberspace, compatible with existing international rules

Key Technology

Governance Rule

Demonstration

# Project Plan & Schedule



# Working Group

WG Organization	Passive Traffic Measurement	Active Probe	Network Looking Glass	BGP Routing Info Sharing/Monitoring	Network Telescope	International Rules of Cyber Governance(IRCG)
SingAREN		√	√	√		√
ThaiRen	√	√	√	√	√	√
LEARN	√	√	√	√	√	√
BDREN	√	√	√	√	√	√
MYREN		√	√	√		√
AfgREN			√	√	√	√
NREN						√
CAMREN						√
PALNREN						√
Yangon University of Computer Study						√
University of Malaya						√
Mae Fah Luang University,Thailand						√
University of Gottingen	√					√
Surrey University	√			√		√

# Work Progress

- **Progress In the Following Aspect:**
  - Active Probe Platform—Gperf
  - Passive Traffic Measurement System—Flow Watch
  - BGP Routing Sharing Platform – CGTF RIS
  - BGP Routing Hijack Detecting--BGP Watch
  - Network Looking Glass- CGTF LG

# Active Probe Platform— Gperf



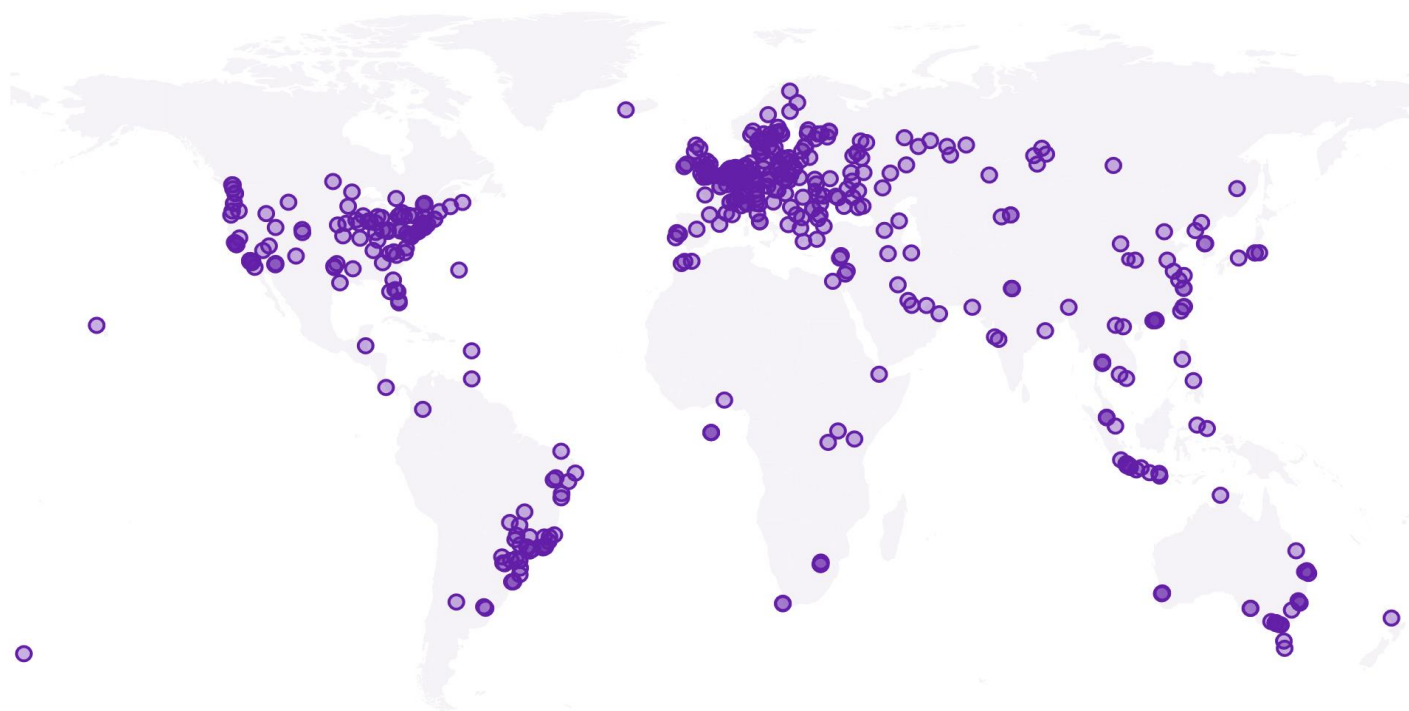
# What is Gperf ?

- An active Internet measurement platform
  - Mechanism: Initiate detections through several deployed probes
  - Target: Domain names on the Internet
  - Purpose: Obtain and visualize periodic results
  
- Functions provided
  - a) *ping*
  - b) *dig*
  - c) *curl*
  - d) *traceroute*
  
- Supports both **IPv4** and **IPv6**

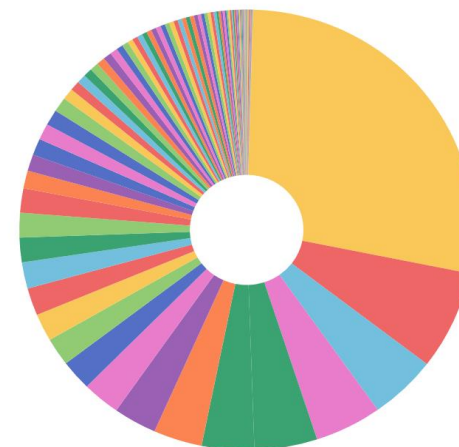
# Homepage

<https://gperf.cgtf.net/>

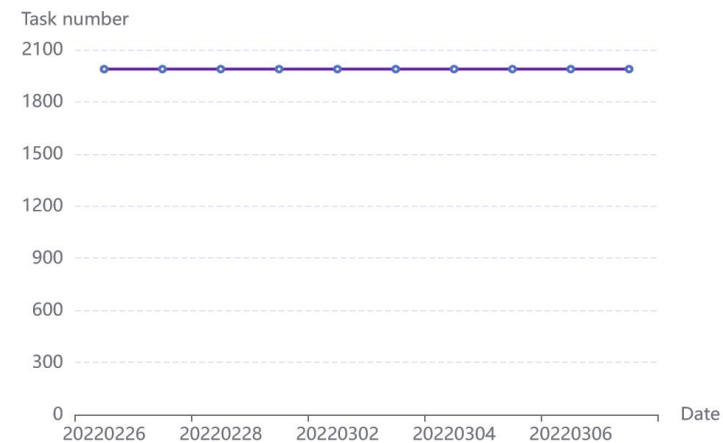
## Distribution Map of Looking Glass and Probe



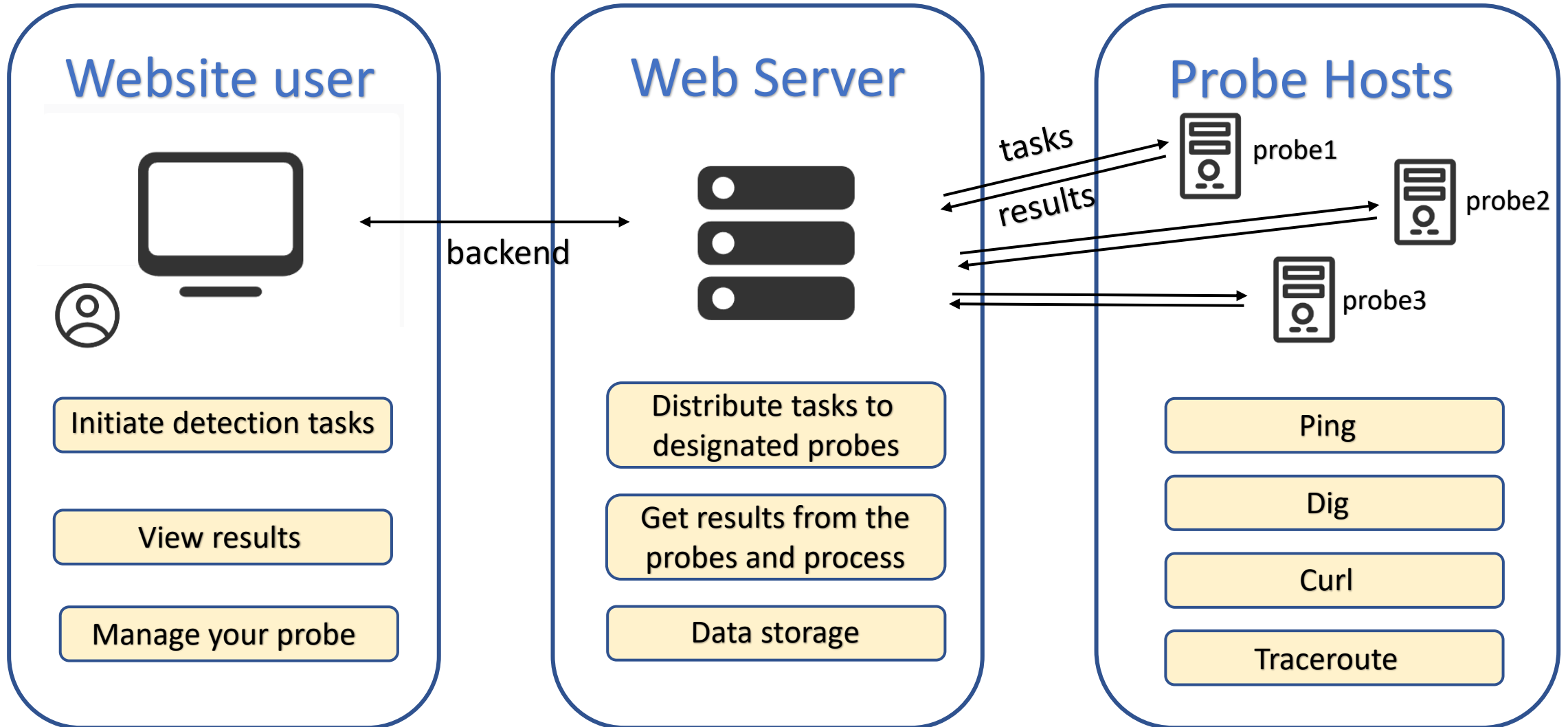
Proportion of Looking Glass and Probe by country



Running tasks



# Gperf Architecture



# Available Probe list

Probe

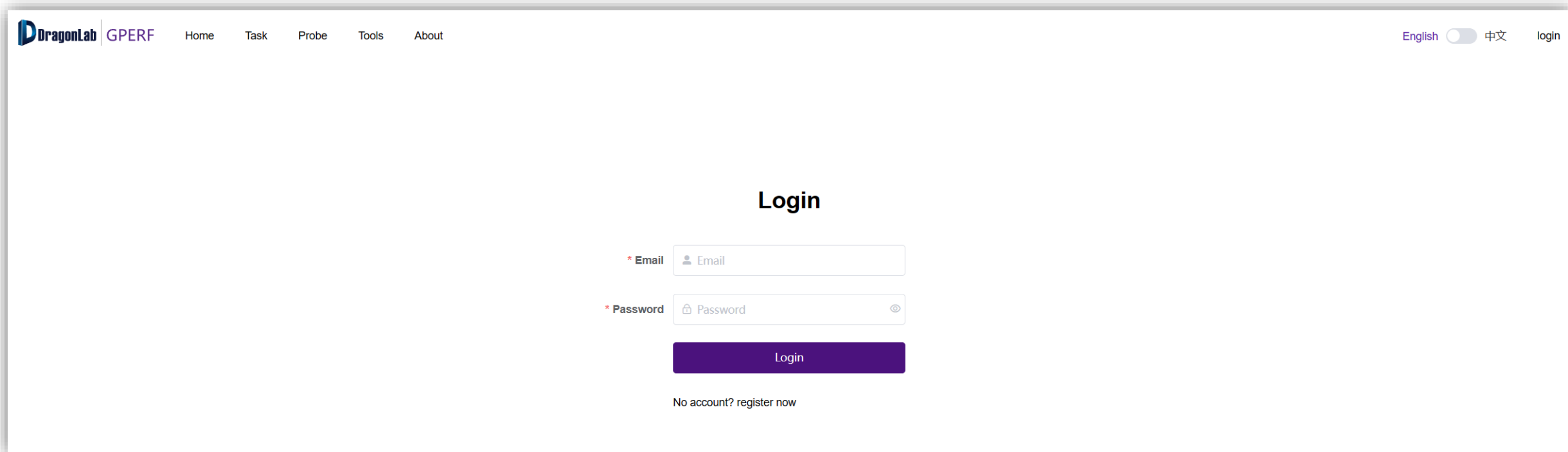


Probe:15

From 11 Country, 13 City

	Status	Probe name	IPv4 Address	IPv6 Address	Country	City	Option
1		Mumbai 1	147.139.5.58	N/A	India	Mumbai	
2		Singapore 1	43.134.103.129	240d:c000:1000:6000:0:94e3:fd40:631d	Singapore	Singapore	
3		Virginia 1	170.106.50.133	240d:c000:3000:4800:0:94e7:61cb:f57d	United States	Virginia	
4		Shanghai 1	47.100.90.236	N/A	China	Shanghai	
5		SingAREN Probe (Not working)	203.30.39.28	N/A	Moldova	SingAREN	
6		SingAREN Probe	203.30.39.28	N/A	Singapore	Singapore	
7		Sydney 2	47.74.84.40	N/A	Australia	Sydney	
8		Silicon Valley 1	47.251.61.54	N/A	United States	Silicon Valley	
9		Beijing1	123.57.253.153	N/A	China	Beijing	
10		Dubai 1	47.91.115.75	N/A	United Arab Emirates	Dubai	

# Register An Account



# Create your probe task group

The screenshot displays the DragonLab GPERF web interface. The navigation menu includes Home, Task (highlighted with a red circle), Probe, Tools, and About. The user is logged in as 'user1'. The main content area shows a table of task groups and a 'Create Task Group' button (also highlighted with a red circle).

The 'Create Task Group' dialog box is open, showing the following fields:

- Group Name: test-us
- Probe: Probe1 of Los Ang... (dropdown)
- Task Cycle: 15m (dropdown)
- Upload file: Upload file (button)
- Or enter text: 

```
www.tsinghua.edu.cn  
www.bilibili.com
```

Below the text input, there is a note: "Only (.txt) files, one domain per line". Below that, there are three lines of text: "iptv.tsinghua.edu.cn" and "www.cctv.com".

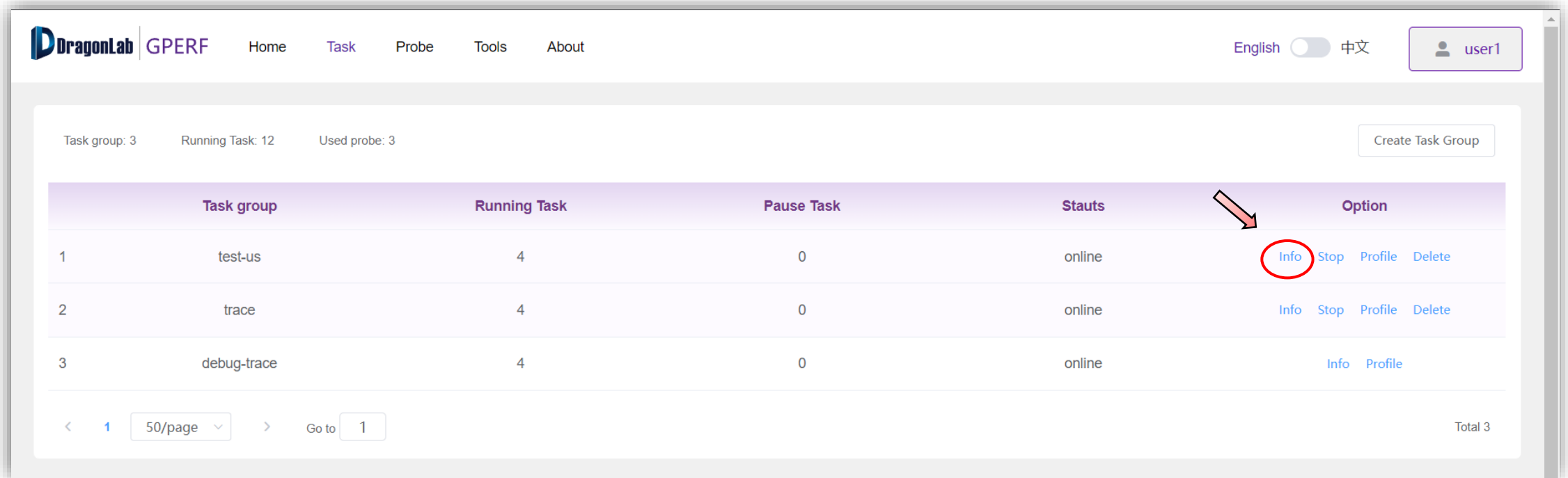
The dialog box has 'Cancel' and 'OK' buttons at the bottom.

Task group	Running Task
1	test-us 4
2	trace 4
3	debug-trace 4

Stauts	Option
online	Info Stop Profile Delete
online	Info Stop Profile Delete
online	Info Profile

# Manage task group

- Only the task group creator can perform the 'Stop' and 'Delete' operations to the corresponding task
- Click the 'Info' operation of a task group to enter the task group details interface



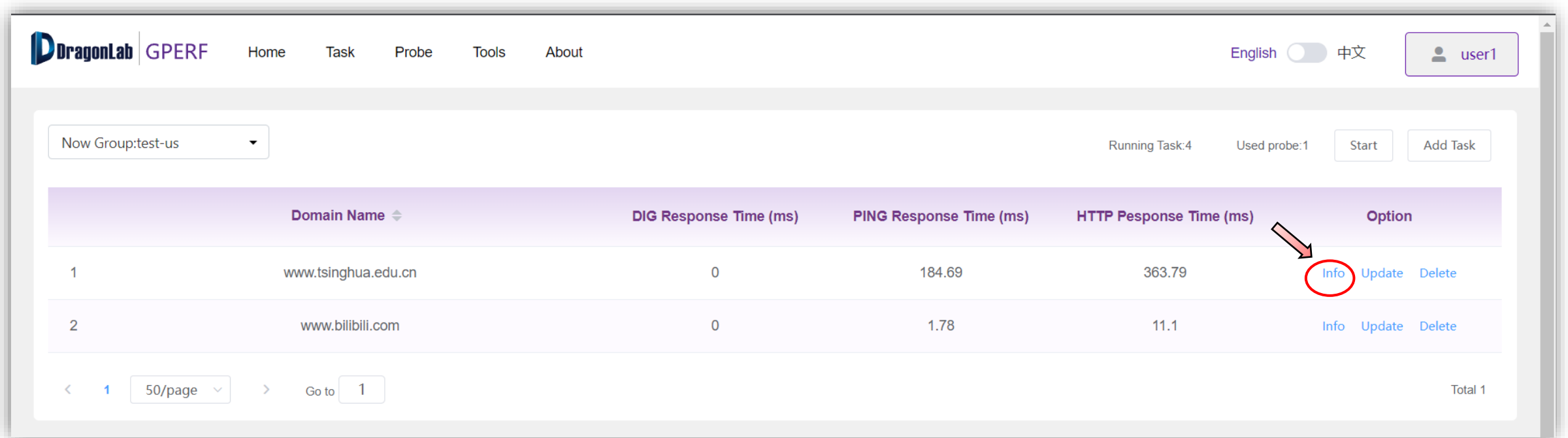
The screenshot displays the DragonLab GPERF interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the DragonLab logo, the text 'GPERF', and menu items: Home, Task, Probe, Tools, and About. On the right side of the navigation bar, there is a language toggle set to 'English' (with '中文' as an option) and a user profile dropdown for 'user1'. Below the navigation bar, there are statistics: 'Task group: 3', 'Running Task: 12', and 'Used probe: 3'. A 'Create Task Group' button is located in the top right corner of the main content area. The main content area features a table with the following columns: Task group, Running Task, Pause Task, Status, and Option. The table contains three rows of data. The 'Info' button for the first row is circled in red, and an arrow points to it.

Task group	Running Task	Pause Task	Status	Option	
1	test-us	4	0	online	<a href="#">Info</a> <a href="#">Stop</a> <a href="#">Profile</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>
2	trace	4	0	online	<a href="#">Info</a> <a href="#">Stop</a> <a href="#">Profile</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>
3	debug-trace	4	0	online	<a href="#">Info</a> <a href="#">Profile</a>

At the bottom of the interface, there is a pagination control showing '< 1 50/page >' and 'Go to 1'. The total number of items is 'Total 3'.

# View task results

- The task group interface shows the average value of the most recent detection results for each target domain name
- Click the 'Info' operation of a domain name row to view the details of detection results for the corresponding domain name



The screenshot displays the DragonLab GPERF interface. The top navigation bar includes the logo, menu items (Home, Task, Probe, Tools, About), language options (English, 中文), and a user profile (user1). The main content area shows a task group for 'test-us' with 4 running tasks and 1 probe used. A table lists the results for two domain names:

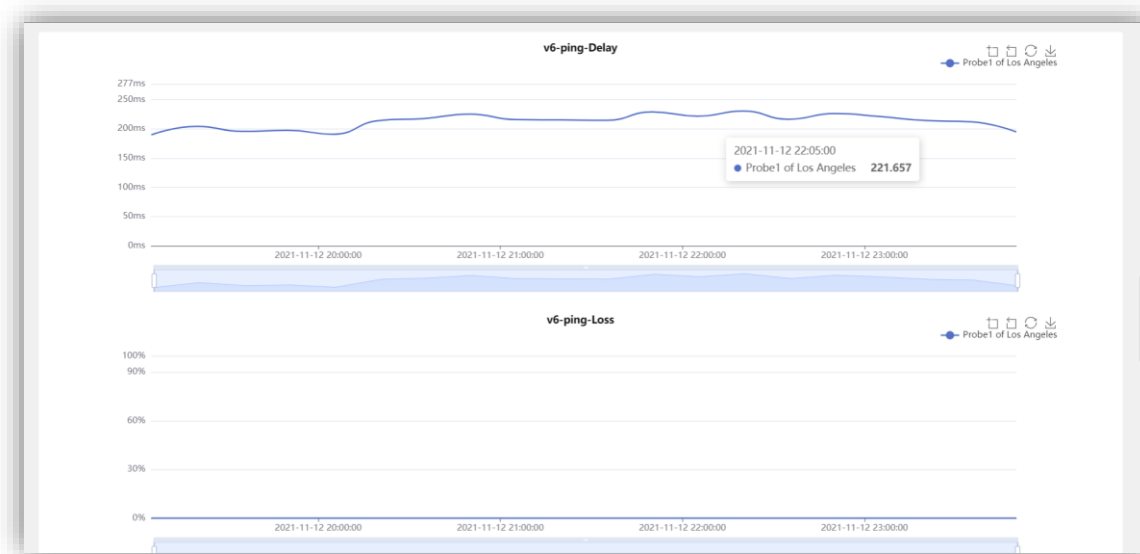
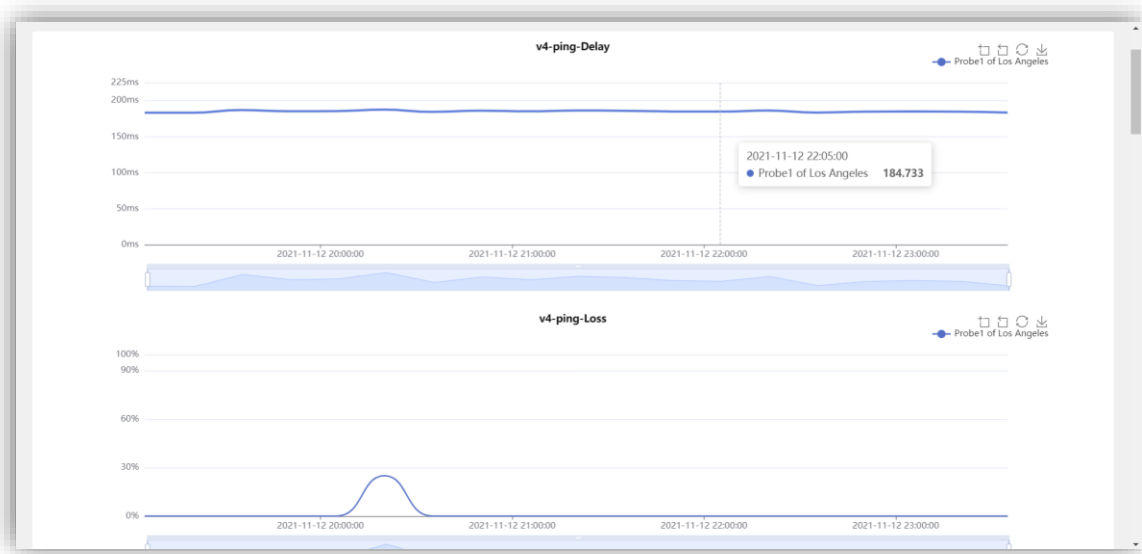
	Domain Name	DIG Response Time (ms)	PING Response Time (ms)	HTTP Response Time (ms)	Option
1	www.tsinghua.edu.cn	0	184.69	363.79	<a href="#">Info</a> <a href="#">Update</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>
2	www.bilibili.com	0	1.78	11.1	<a href="#">Info</a> <a href="#">Update</a> <a href="#">Delete</a>

At the bottom, there is a pagination control showing 1 page of 50 items per page, and a total of 1 item.



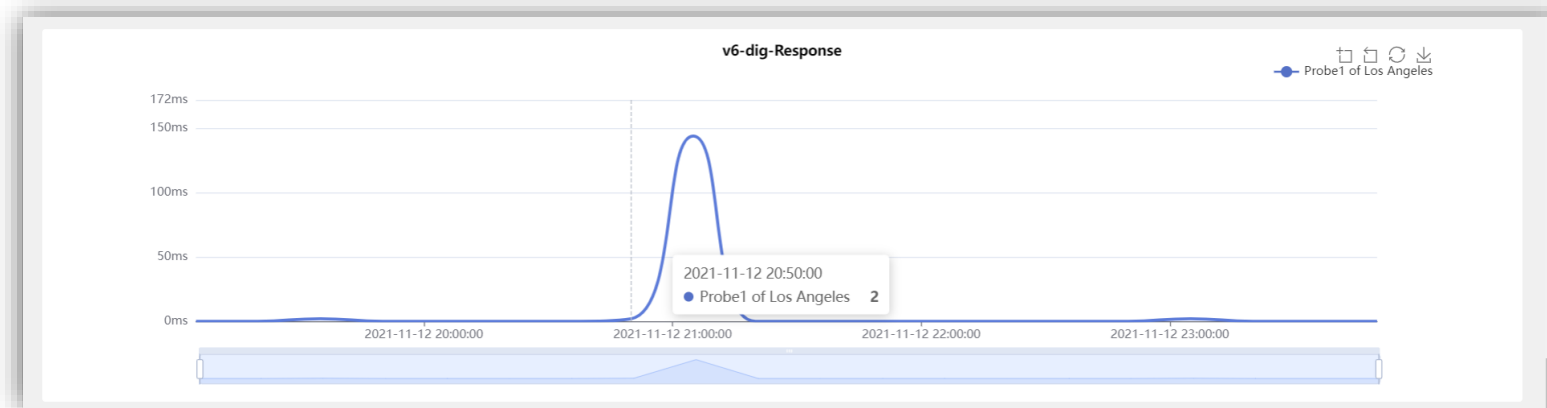
# Result details

## a) Time delay and packet loss rate of '*ping*' command (IPv4 & IPv6)



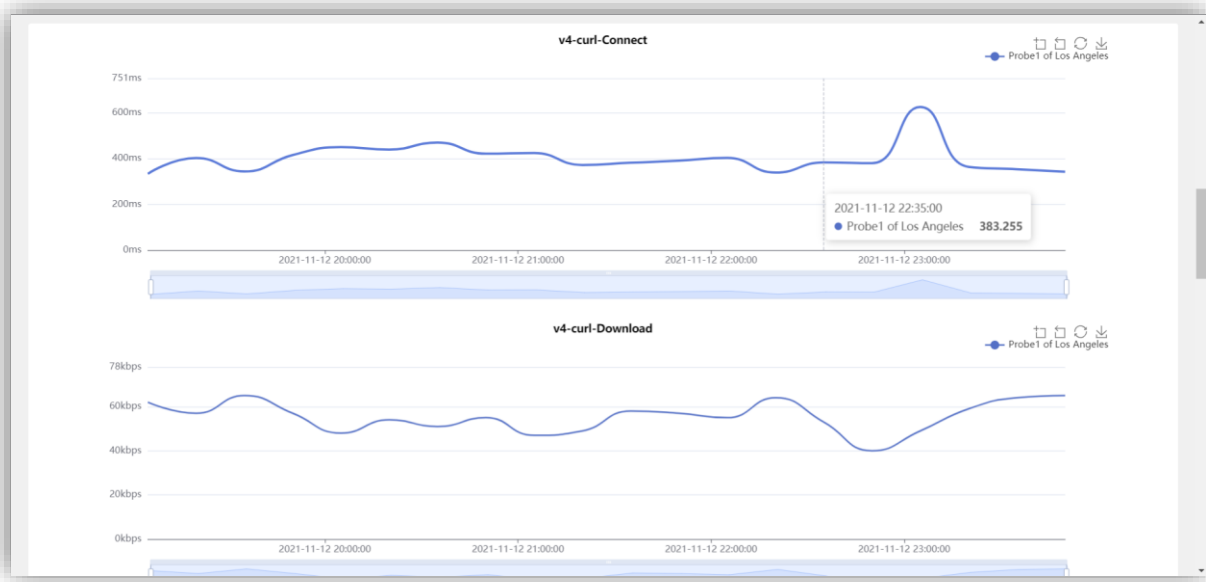
# Result details

- b) Response time of '*dig*' command, indicates the time required for domain name resolution (IPv4 & IPv6)



# Result details

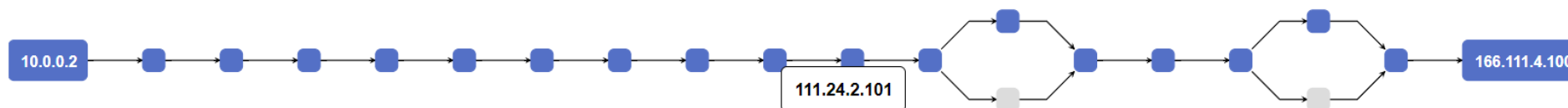
c) Http connection establishment time and download speed of '*curl*' command (IPv4 & IPv6)



# Result details

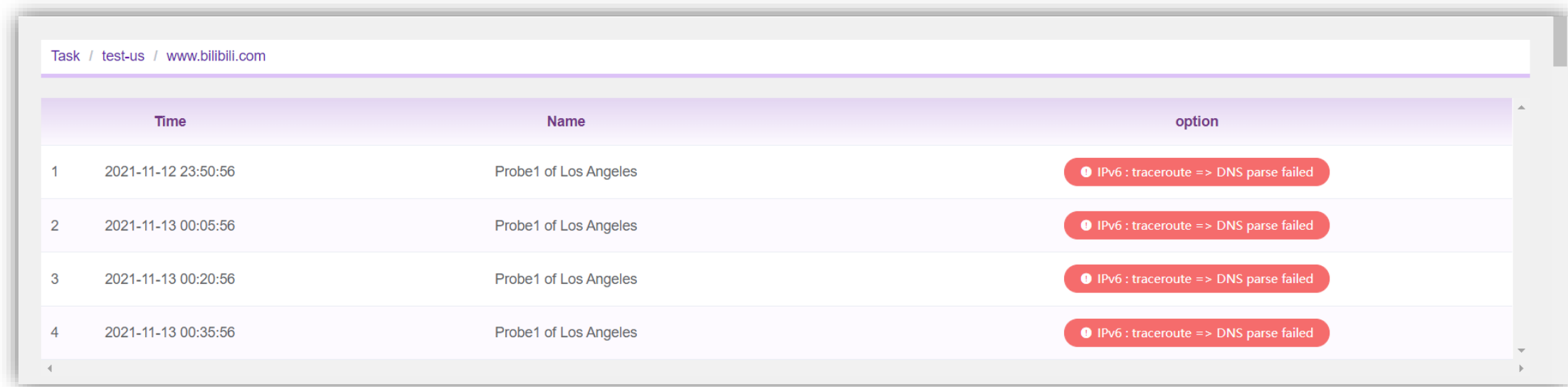
d) Traceroute topology result of *'traceroute'* command (IPv4)

Route Path-Probe1 of Los Angeles



# Result details

e) Alert information which is used to record errors occurred during the detection process



Task / test-us / www.bilibili.com

	Time	Name	option
1	2021-11-12 23:50:56	Probe1 of Los Angeles	IPv6 : traceroute => DNS parse failed
2	2021-11-13 00:05:56	Probe1 of Los Angeles	IPv6 : traceroute => DNS parse failed
3	2021-11-13 00:20:56	Probe1 of Los Angeles	IPv6 : traceroute => DNS parse failed
4	2021-11-13 00:35:56	Probe1 of Los Angeles	IPv6 : traceroute => DNS parse failed

# How to deploy your probe?

- The probe software can be installed in Ubuntu & CentOS hosts
- Following these simple steps:
  - ① Download the install package from the website
  - ② Install your probe

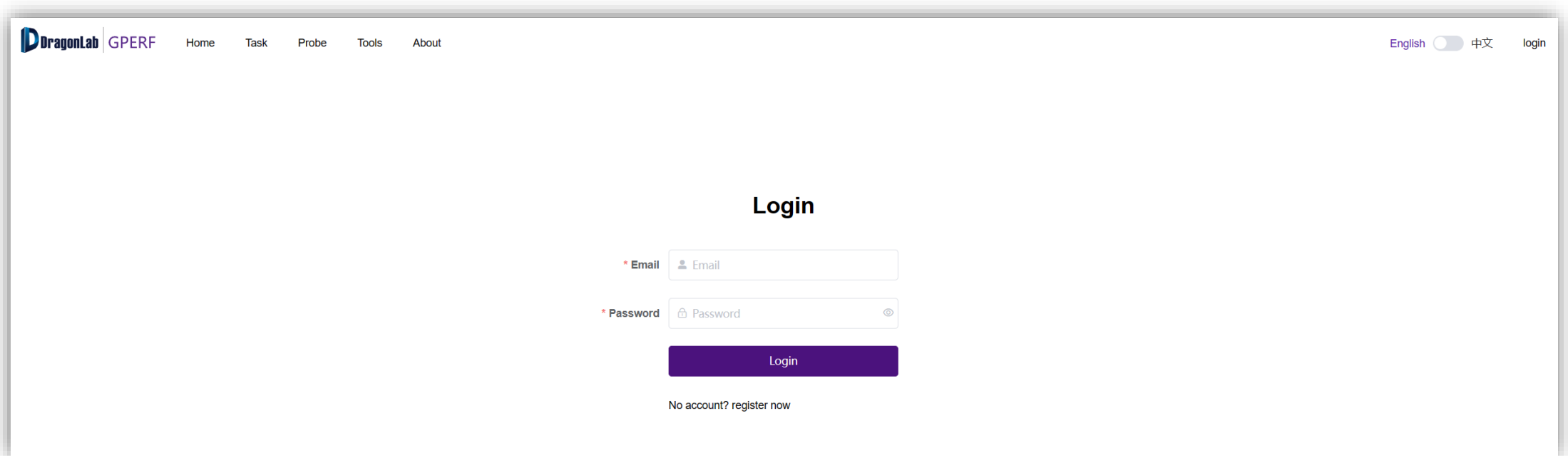
```
$ tar -zxvf gperf_client_install.tar.gz  
  
$ cd gperf_client_install  
  
$ source install.sh ~/
```

- ③ Run your probe

```
$ cd ~/new_probe  
  
$ bash restart.sh
```

# How to deploy your probe?

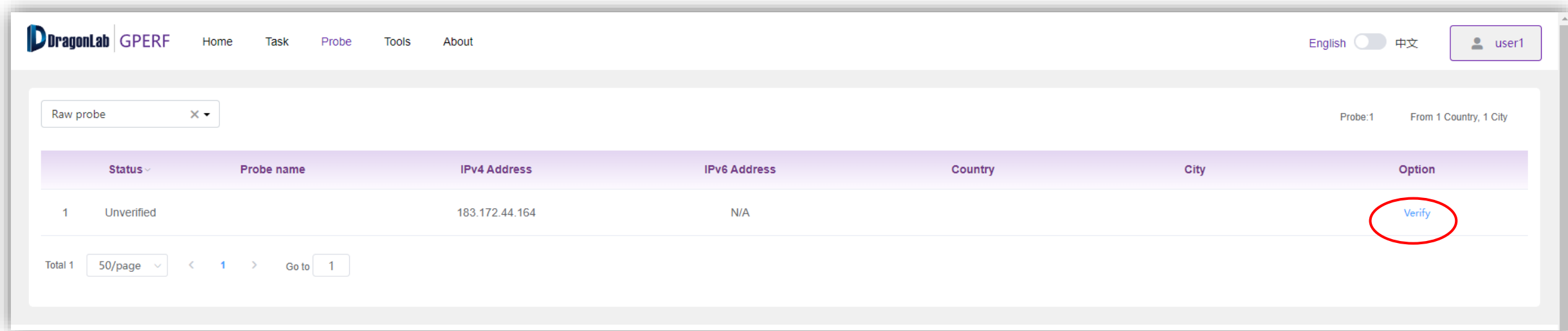
## ④ Login into your account



The screenshot shows the login page of the DragonLab GPERF website. The page has a white background with a dark blue header. The header contains the logo 'DragonLab GPERF' on the left, navigation links 'Home', 'Task', 'Probe', 'Tools', and 'About' in the center, and language options 'English' (selected) and '中文' on the right, along with a 'login' link. The main content area is centered and features the title 'Login' in bold black text. Below the title are two input fields: one for 'Email' with a red asterisk and a user icon, and one for 'Password' with a red asterisk, a lock icon, and a toggle eye icon. A dark blue 'Login' button is positioned below the password field. At the bottom of the form, there is a link that says 'No account? register now'.

# How to deploy your probe?

## ⑤ Verify your probe and enter its information



The screenshot shows the DragonLab GPERF web interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Home', 'Task', 'Probe', 'Tools', and 'About'. The user is logged in as 'user1'. The main content area displays a table of probes. The table has columns for 'Status', 'Probe name', 'IPv4 Address', 'IPv6 Address', 'Country', 'City', and 'Option'. A single probe is listed with the status 'Unverified' and the IPv4 address '183.172.44.164'. The 'Option' column for this probe contains a blue 'Verify' button, which is circled in red. The interface also shows a search filter 'Raw probe', a summary 'Probe:1 From 1 Country, 1 City', and pagination controls at the bottom.

Status	Probe name	IPv4 Address	IPv6 Address	Country	City	Option
1	Unverified	183.172.44.164	N/A			<a href="#">Verify</a>

## ⑥ Finally you can see this probe in available probe list



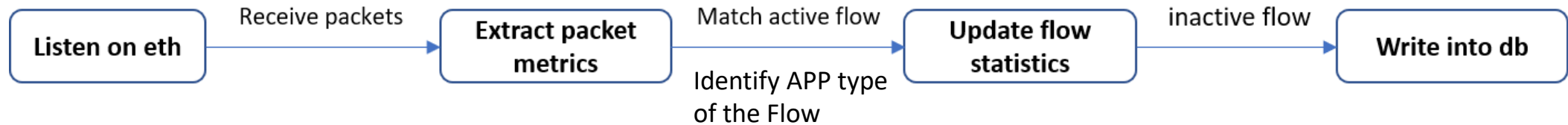
# Future works

- Welcome more partners to join us
- Deploy more probes around the world
- Encourage participation through a reward mechanism

# Passive Traffic Measurement— Flow Watch

# Traffic Measurement System

- Workflow




























- Speed-up techniques

- Each flow has a unique ID which is hashed with its five-tuple, so it's fast to match the active flow that one packet belongs to
- Use Aho-Corasick algorithm to match string pattern in the knowledge base
- <http://flowwatch.cgtf.net>

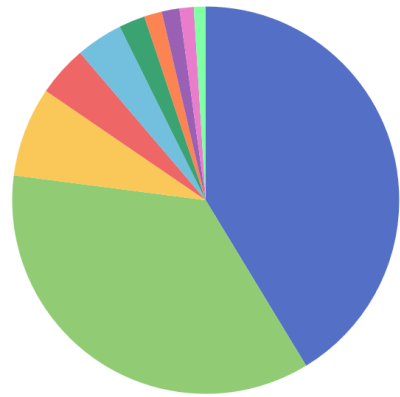
# Fields

- Now we record 24 fields for each flow, including IP address, port, time, amount of transmitted data, protocol & application, and specific details about SSL and HTTP (if used).
- SSL: version, certificate issuer and subject
- HTTP: user agent, URL and status code
- Can be expanded according to actual demand

 _id	ObjectId("618bf0de32504d1a277b7e39")	ObjectId
 Flow_ID	Flow_979_th_0	String
 Hash_Val	3056086978	String
 Src_IP	68.37.172.157	String
 Dst_IP		String
 Src_Port	44439	String
 Dst_Port	23	String
 IP_version	4	String
 Master_Protocol	Telnet	String
 App_Protocol	Telnet	String
 First Seen	2021-11-10 16:18:06.000Z	Date
 Last Seen	2021-11-10 16:18:06.000Z	Date
 Src_to_Dst_Bytes	120	String
 Dst_to_Src_Bytes	0	String
 Src_to_Dst_Packets	2	String
 Dst_to_Src_Packets	0	String
 SSL_Version	NULL	String
 IssuerDN	UNKNOWN	String
 SubjectDN	UNKNOWN	String
 JA3_Client		String
 JA3_Server		String
 HTTP_URL		String
 HTTP_User_Agent		String
 HTTP_Status_Code	NULL	String

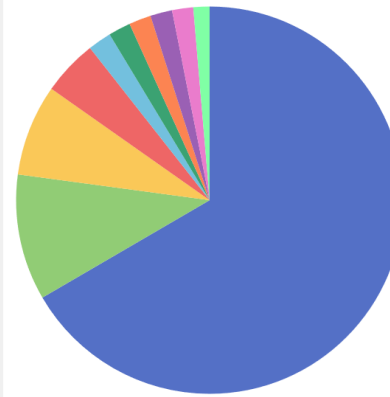
# TOP 10 APP

APP TOP 10 By Bytes



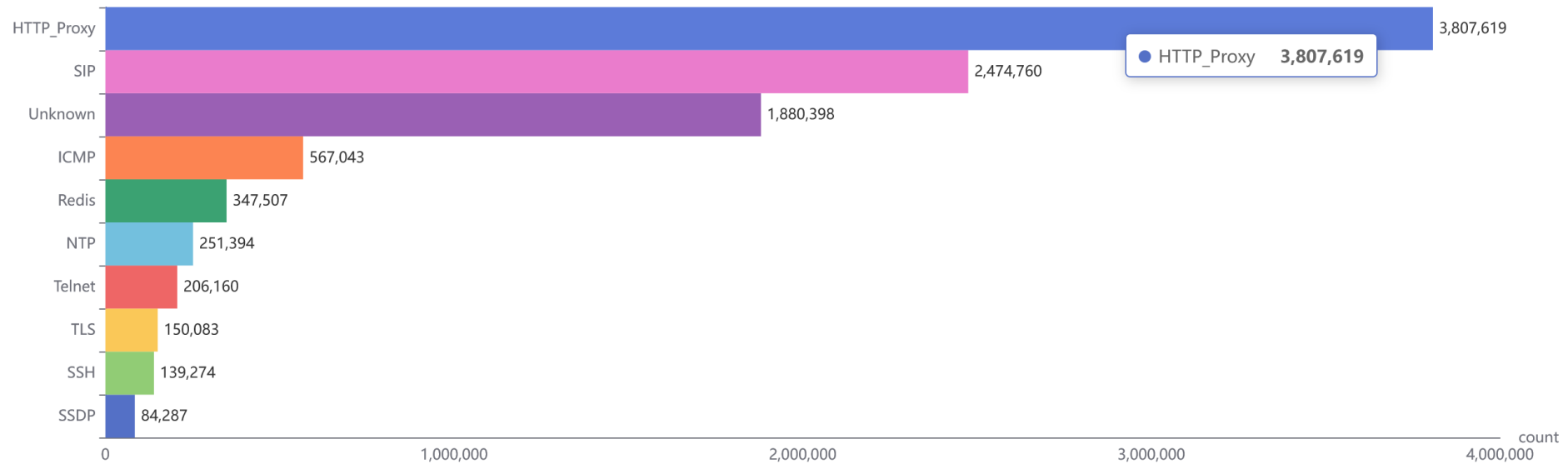
App	K Bytes
SIP	18,730,040.2158
Unknown	16,203,019.7275
NTP	3,397,007.1612
HTTP_Proxy	1,911,012.3818
TLS	1,778,919.7354
SSDP	987,828.8672
ICMP	673,499.0635
SSH	670,570.497
Redis	540,080.791
Telnet	447,209.1114

APP TOP 10 By Packets



App	K Packets
Unknown	275,945.096
SIP	43,575.783
HTTP_Proxy	31,614.496
NTP	19,199.265
TLS	8,124.229
ICMP	7,679.583
Redis	7,658.49
Telnet	7,564.631
SSDP	7,313.087
SSH	5,606.594

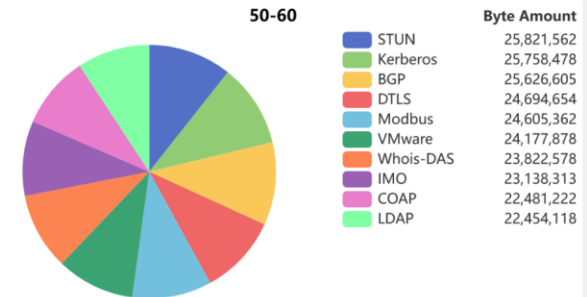
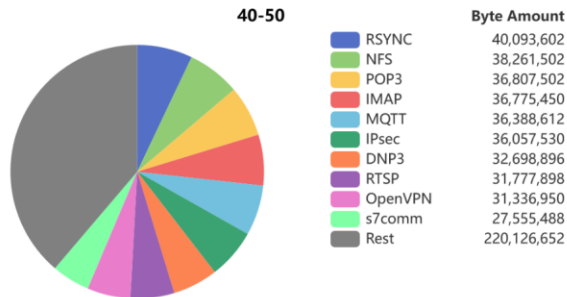
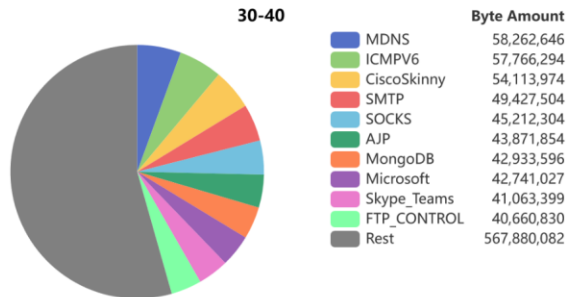
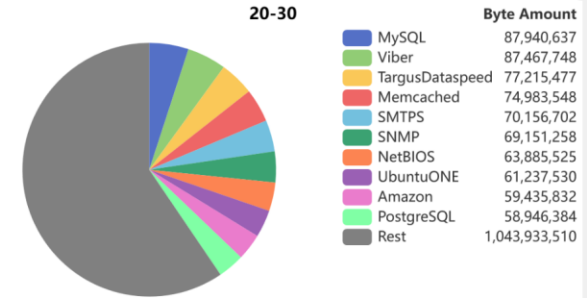
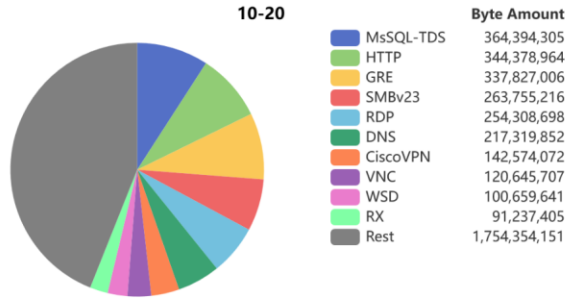
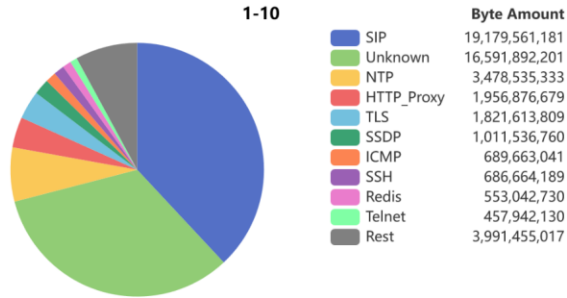
APP TOP 10 By Flow Amount



# Statistics of Each APP

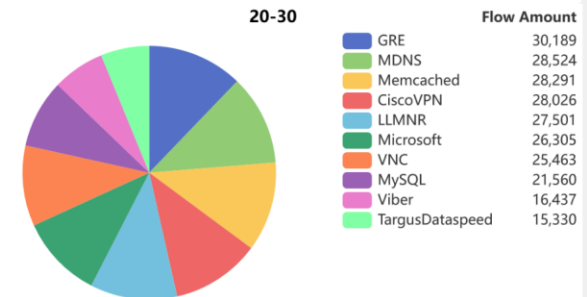
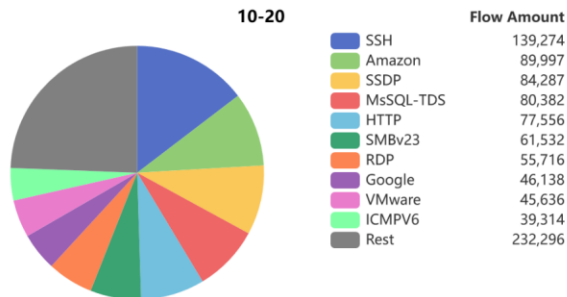
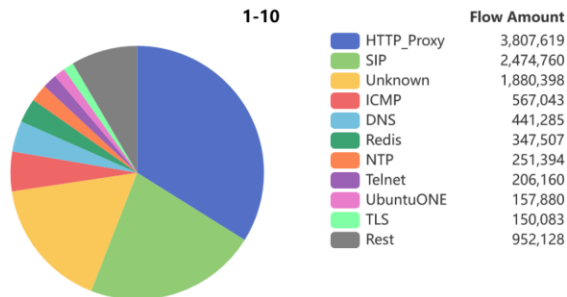
APP Statistics by Byte Amount

Top 60



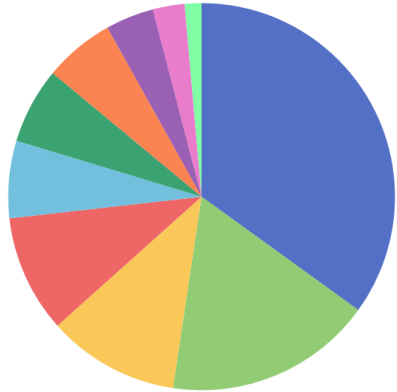
APP Statistics by Flow Amount

Top 30



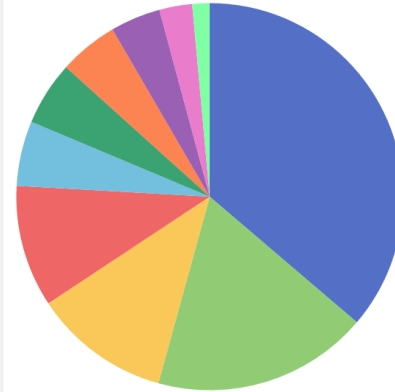
# TOP 10 IP

IP TOP 10 By Bytes



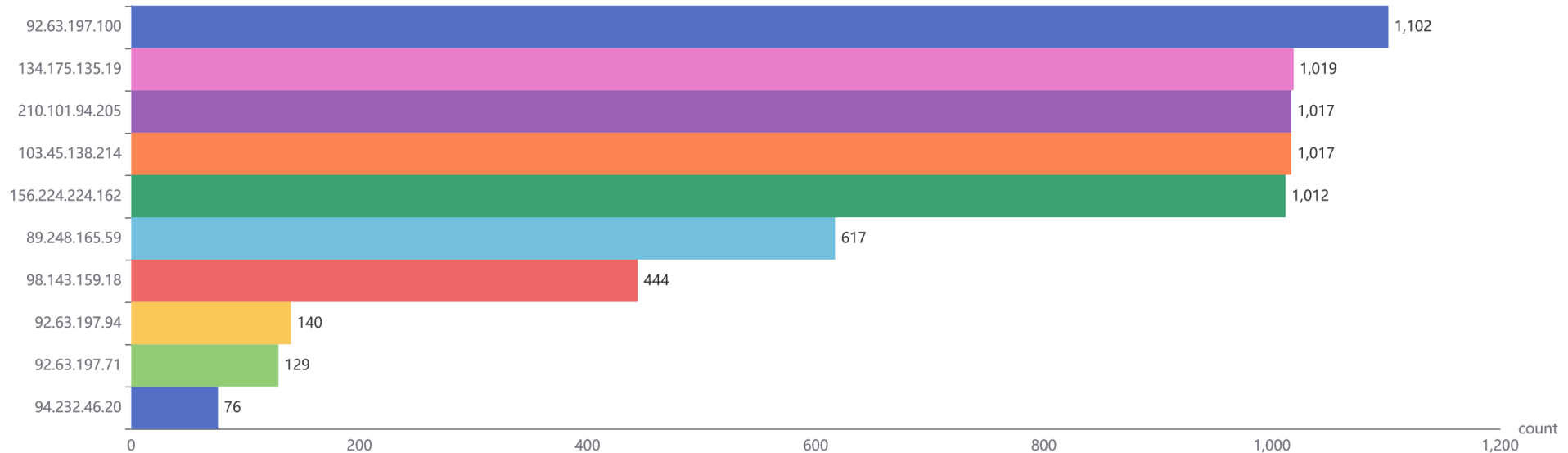
IP Address	K Bytes
92.63.197.100	8,276.4473
89.248.165.59	4,121.3613
103.45.138.214	2,610.1133
98.143.159.18	2,326.7012
156.224.224.162	1,528.6289
134.175.135.19	1,503.2617
210.101.94.205	1,394.6172
92.63.197.71	956.8828
94.232.46.20	627.4355
92.63.197.94	331.7676

IP TOP 10 By Packets



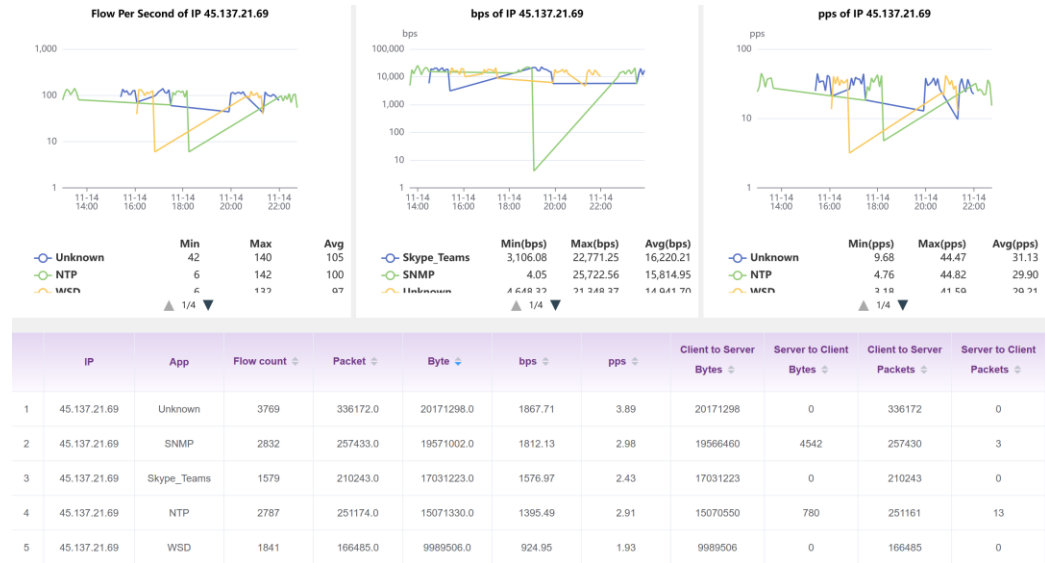
IP Address	K Packets
92.63.197.100	141.239
89.248.165.59	70.326
103.45.138.214	44.538
98.143.159.18	39.706
156.224.224.162	21.149
134.175.135.19	20.804
210.101.94.205	19.294
92.63.197.71	16.328
94.232.46.20	10.708
92.63.197.94	5.661

IP TOP 10 By Flow Amount



# Detail of APP, IP , FLOW

	App Name	flow amount	pps	bps
1	WSD	4441	9.84	48815.46
2	NTP	293187	15.48	21312.02
3	TLS	169189	10.28	20746.62
4	Telegram	30	39.66	19042.67
5	GRE	34364	3.9	17863.41
6	SSDP	101102	15.18	16767.08
7	DHCP	438	5.03	15108.19
8	CAPWAP	2	22.6	13196.8
9	BX	13436	14.43	11161.71
10	IPsec	6858	11.2	11029.25
11	SIP	2864483	4.9	10395.02
12	NestLogSink	1030	21.15	10151.97
13	SCTP	566	17.94	9474.91
14	STUN	5607	18.22	8818.89
15	Steam	1	3.4	8804.8
16	SSH	157203	7.82	8719.18
117	Apple	168	1.32	887.78
118	VMware	52064	0.35	846.68
119	GoogleServices	4615	0.62	764.68
120	UbuntuCDE	180768	0.3	583.7
121	PlayStore	127	0.4	514.54
122	SMBv1	1458	0.22	419.98
123	LLMNR	32012	0.74	373.65
124	Google	52798	0.57	372.5
125	MS_OneDrive	1554	0.39	345.67
126	sFlow	1	0.2	320
127	VHUA	2	0.4	233.6
128	OpenDNS	3277	0.2	149.64
129	AmongUs	2	0.3	144
130	Meqaco	1	0.2	131.2
131	BJNP	1	0.2	131.2
132	GenshinImpact	1	0.2	96

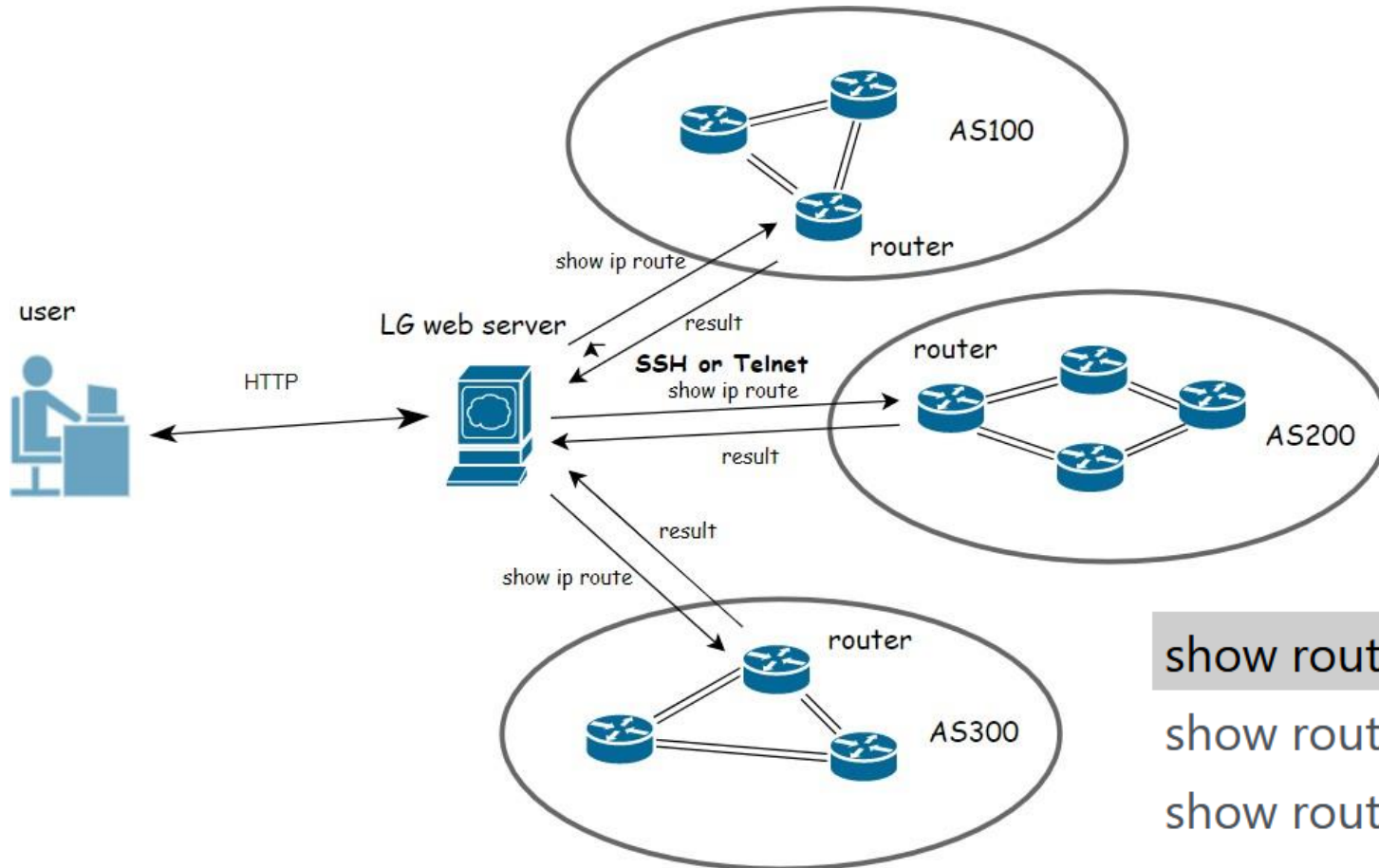


- Over 100 APP Identification
- Statistical analysis
- Detailed Flow Information



# **Network Looking Glass— CGTF LG**

# Looking Glass Architecture



```
show route IP_ADDRESS
```

```
show route as-path-regex AS_PATH_REGEX
```

```
show route ^AS
```

```
ping IP_ADDRESS|HOSTNAME
```

```
traceroute IP_ADDRESS|HOSTNAME
```

# OUR WORK ON LG - CGTF LG

## CGTF Looking Glass

- <http://lg.cgtf.net>
- Open Source:
  - <https://github.com/gmazoyer/looking-glass>
- 6 Education & Research network routers
- 5 commands
- **Query speed limit for security**
- More partners is welcomed



Router to use

CERNET Juniper Router at CNGI-6IX  
ThaiREN Cisco Router  
BdREN Cisco Router  
SingAREN Juniper Router  
MYREN Cisco router

Command to issue

show route IP\_ADDRESS  
show route as-path-regex AS\_PATH\_REGEX  
show route ^AS  
ping IP\_ADDRESS|HOSTNAME  
tracert IP\_ADDRESS|HOSTNAME

Parameter

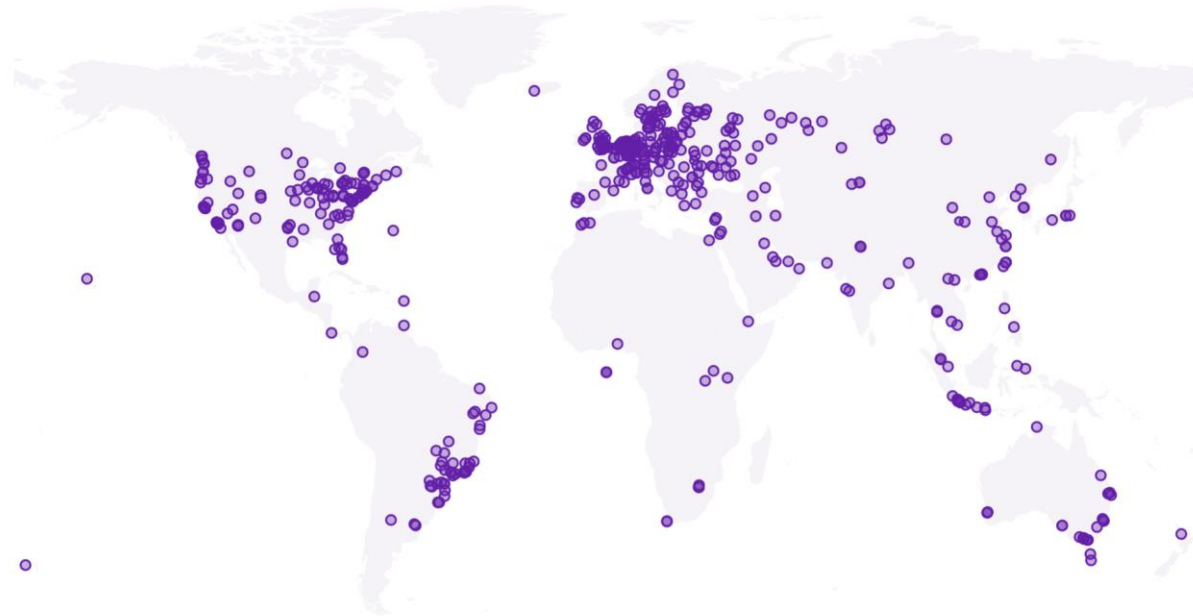
Enter Reset Help

NRENs' contribution:

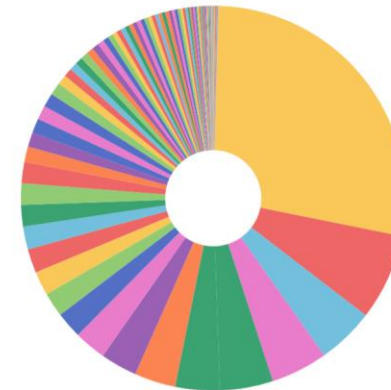
CERNET, ThaiREN, BdREN, SingAREN, MYREN, LEARN

# Our Work on LG

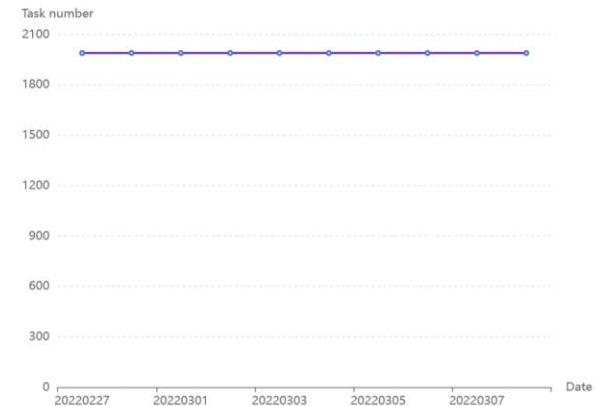
Distribution Map of Looking Glass and Probe



Proportion of Looking Glass and Probe by country



Running tasks

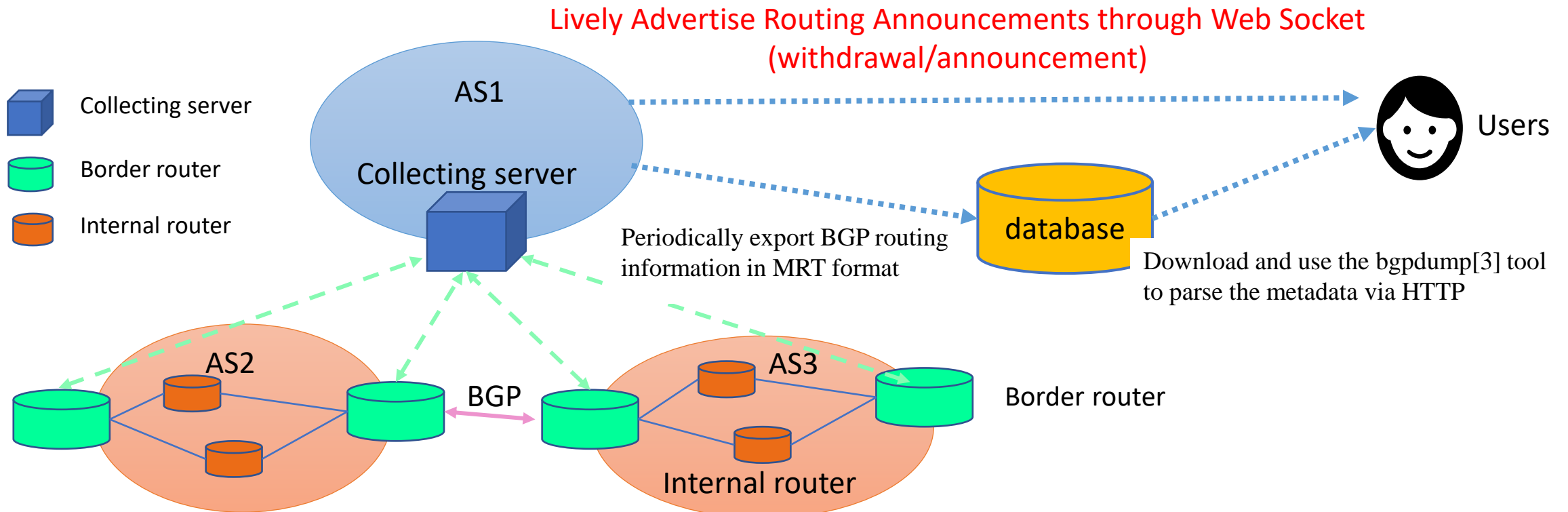


- Paper: “Discovering obscure looking glass sites on the web to facilitate internet measurement research” — — **CoNEXT’21**
- **3814 LGs**

# BGP Routing Sharing — CGTF RIS




# BGP Routing Sharing

- Collecting server: Use routing FRR[2] to simulate a real BGP router
- Border routers: Connect with the collecting server by BGP peering
- Feature: Lively Advertise Routing Announcements



# BGP Routing Collection Platform

## Index of /

<a href="#">Name</a>	<a href="#">Last modified</a>	<a href="#">Size</a>	<a href="#">Description</a>
 <a href="#">readme.txt</a>	2022-01-11 07:14	808	
 <a href="#">ribs/</a>	2022-02-17 12:05	-	
 <a href="#">updates/</a>	2022-02-17 12:45	-	

Our collector is currently peering with Following AS(Vantage Points) by private AS number 65534.  
AS 23855(SINGAREN)  
AS 4538(CERNET)  
AS 38229(LEARN)  
AS 63961(BDREN)  
AS 24475(ThaiREN)

BGP RIB snapshot of collector and BGP update messages it receives are periodically dumped, 2h for rib and 20 minutes for updates messages.

You can use 'bgpdump' to decompress the compressed MRT format file for analysis.

This data is made available to anyone without restrictions.  
If you copy the data and publish an analysis, please cite us in your publication.

Any question, please contact dev@dragonlab.org .

## NRENs' Contribution:

- CERNET
- SingAREN
- BdREN
- LEARN
- ThaiREN

- <https://bgp.cgtf.net>
- Start from 2021-07-09
- Collector ASN: 65534

# Benefit for partners

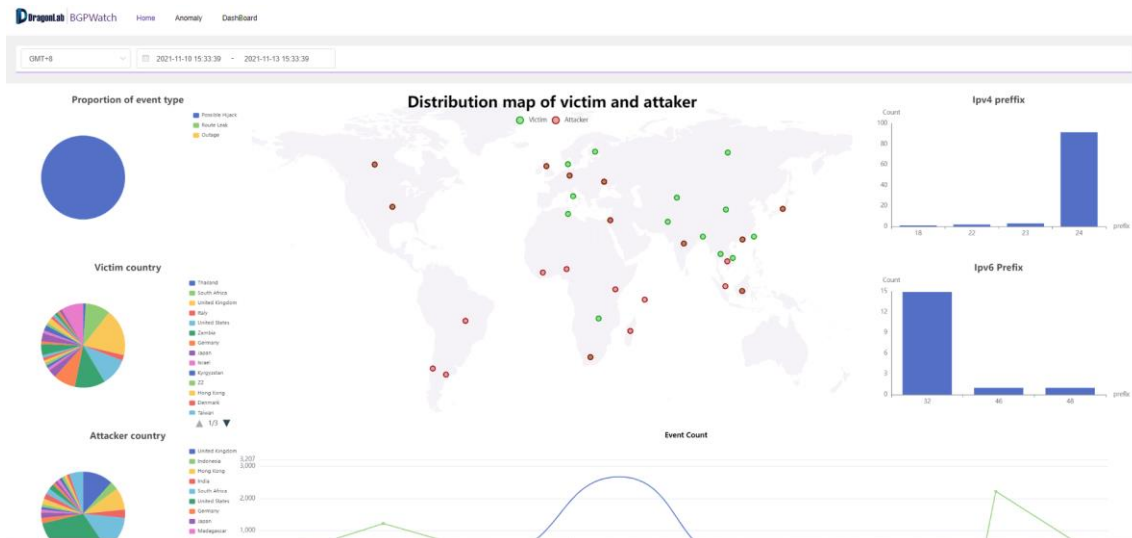
- Partners can gain a better understanding of their network.
- Help to identify problems in partners' network.
- Prompt research in Asia-Pacific Area.
  
- Just have your border router **establish an eBGP session** with our collector (47.241.43.108)
- We have prepared a documentation which contains the configuration details



# **BGP Routing Monitoring and Analysis — BGP Watch**

# BGP Routing Monitoring and Analysis --BGP Watch

- Knowledge-based real-time BGP hijacking Detection System
- Public BGP event reporting service
- Based on MOAS(subMOAS)
- Rely on Domain Knowledge (ROA, IRR, AS relationship etc)
- URL: <https://bgpwatch.cgtf.net>



The table lists the following events:

id	Event Type	Event Info	Prefix Num	Prefix	Level	Start Time	End Time	Duration	Detail
1	Possible Hijack	Victim: AS4766 (KXS-AS-KR, KR) Possible Hijacker: AS45903(CMCTELECOM-AS-VN, VN)	1	113.20.127.0/24	low	2021-11-16 14:33:52	2021-11-16 14:41:48	0:7.56	<a href="#">detail</a>
2	Possible Hijack	Victim: AS749 (DNIC-AS-00749, US) Possible Hijacker: AS22085(BR)	3	21.23.13.0/24	low	2021-11-16 14:33:48	2021-11-16 14:41:01	0:7.13	<a href="#">detail</a>
3	Possible Hijack	Victim: AS174 (COGENT-174, US) Possible Hijacker: AS12653(VODAFONE-GROUP, IT)	1	108.179.64.0/18	low	2021-11-16 13:37:25	2021-11-16 13:40:55	0:3.30	<a href="#">detail</a>
4	Possible Hijack	Victim: AS133748 (CORETELNET-AS-AP, SG) Possible Hijacker: AS135026(THINKDREAM-AS-AP, HK)	1	203.208.22.0/24	low	2021-11-16 13:04:02	2021-11-16 13:21:24	0:17.22	<a href="#">detail</a>
5	Possible Hijack	Victim: AS397464 (SAP-HYBRIS-WA1, US) Possible Hijacker: AS205356(SAP_DC_FRA, DE)	3	157.133.239.0/24	middle 2 websites in the prefix.	2021-11-16 13:03:58	2021-11-16 13:21:06	0:17.8	<a href="#">detail</a>
6	Possible Hijack	Victim: AS63981 (NTDKL-HK, HK) Possible Hijacker: AS9809(NovaNetwork, CN)	1	116.214.132.0/24	low	2021-11-16 10:37:28	2021-11-16 11:37:40	1:0.12	<a href="#">detail</a>
7	Possible Hijack	Victim: AS4766 (KXS-AS-KR, KR) Possible Hijacker: AS45903(CMCTELECOM-AS-VN, VN)	1	113.20.127.0/24	low	2021-11-16 09:40:04	2021-11-16 10:25:04	0:45.0	<a href="#">detail</a>

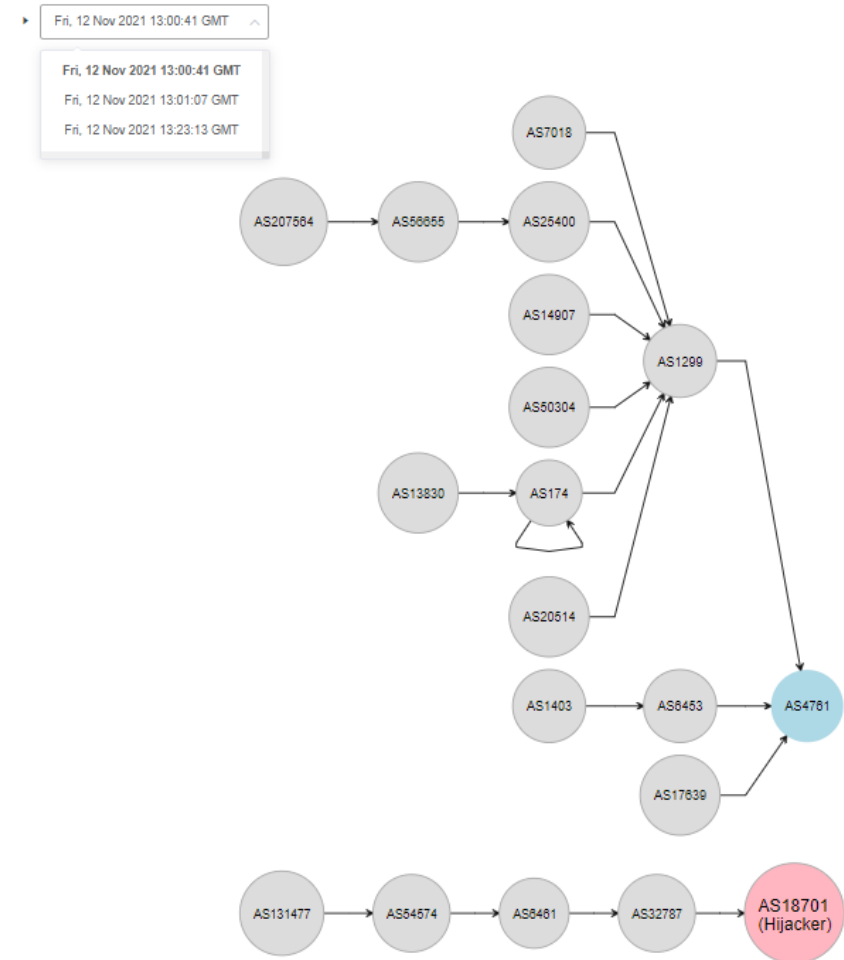
# Features --- Real time

- About 5 mins delay, much better than other systems
- Notify immediately when an event is detected, minimizing damage from hijackings

15	Ongoing Possible Hijack	Victim:AS58810 (IZUSCOLTD-BN,BN) Possible Hijacker:AS55547(WOODSNET-PH,PH)	1	146.88.165.0/24	low	2021-11-13 14:39:43	-	0:11:17	<a href="#">detail</a>
16	Ongoing Possible Hijack	Victim:AS58810 (IZUSCOLTD-BN,BN) Possible Hijacker:AS55547(WOODSNET-PH,PH)	1	146.88.173.0/24	low	2021-11-13 14:39:43	-	0:11:17	<a href="#">detail</a>
17	Ongoing Possible Hijack	Victim:AS58810 (IZUSCOLTD-BN,BN) Possible Hijacker:AS55547(WOODSNET-PH,PH)	1	43.251.69.0/24	low	2021-11-13 14:38:09	-	0:12:51	<a href="#">detail</a>
18	Ongoing Possible Hijack	Victim:AS58810 (IZUSCOLTD-BN,BN) Possible Hijacker:AS55547(WOODSNET-PH,PH)	1	43.251.149.0/24	low	2021-11-13 14:38:09	-	0:12:51	<a href="#">detail</a>
19	Ongoing Possible Hijack	Victim:AS58810 (IZUSCOLTD-BN,BN) Possible Hijacker:AS55547(WOODSNET-PH,PH)	1	135.84.249.0/24	low	2021-11-13 14:37:37	-	0:13:23	<a href="#">detail</a>
20	Possible Hijack	Victim:AS137819 (BEEKS-AS-AP,JP) Possible Hijacker:AS206733(BFC-HK,GB)	1	103.100.74.0/24	low	2021-11-13 14:26:29	2021-11-13 14:29:46	0:3:17	<a href="#">detail</a>

# Features --- Event replay

- Understanding how the BGP routing changes
- Analyze the extent of the impact of the event



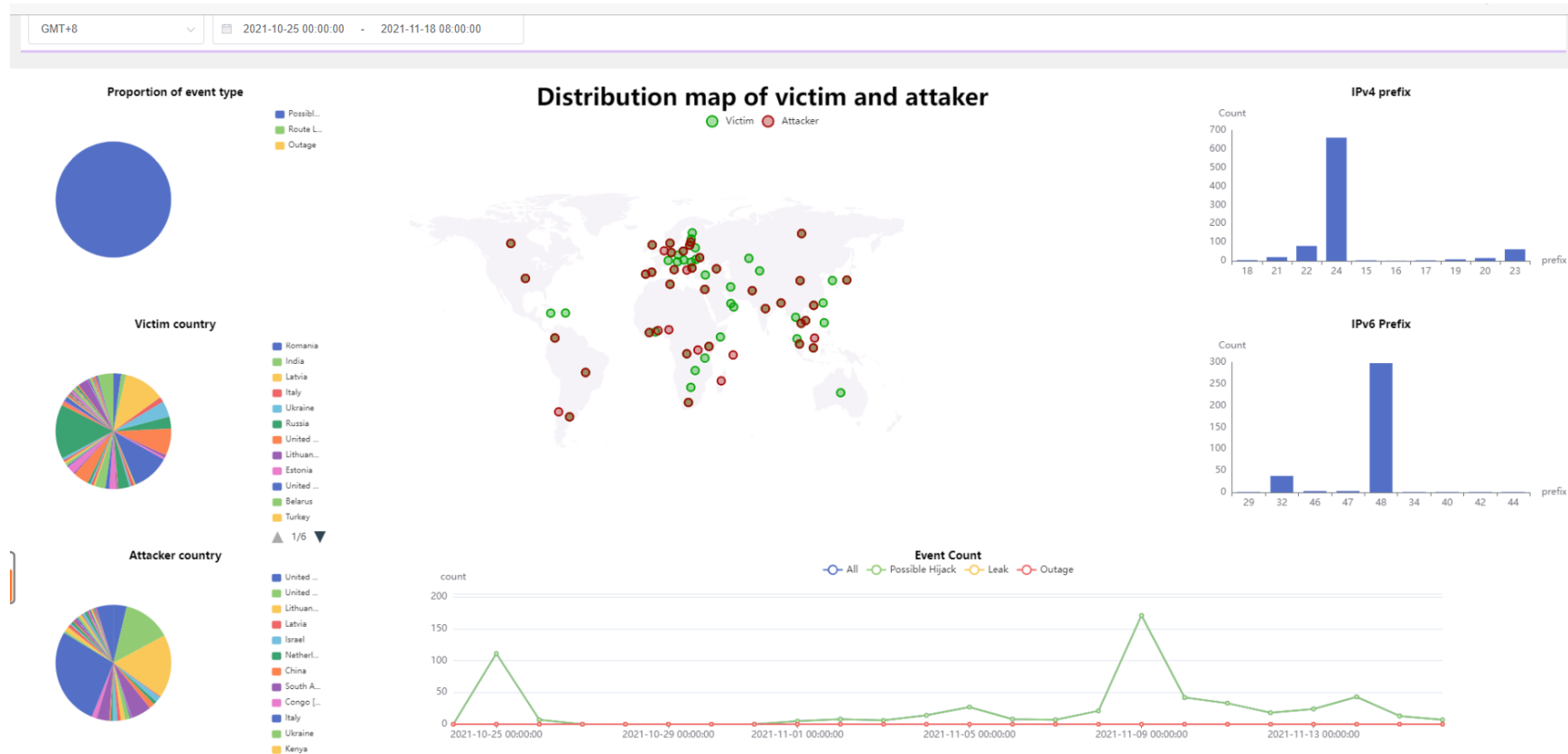
# Features --- Event level evaluation

- Evaluate event impact based on importance of AS and prefix.

Prefix Num	Prefix	Level 
1	103.240.216.0/24	middle 1 websites in the prefix.
1	156.0.106.0/24	middle 328227 is Cloud IDC CDN or top content provider.
1	156.0.109.0/24	middle 328227 is Cloud IDC CDN or top content provider.
1	156.0.103.0/24	middle 328227 is Cloud IDC CDN or top content provider.

# Features --- Event Statistics Analysis

- Statistical analysis of event time, affected prefix, AS, country, etc.
- Global routing system security situational awareness



# Features - Low False Negative , Low False Positive

- We use monitors all over the world ( RIPE RIS & RouteViews & CGTF RIS )
- We check every BGP update message and use a lot of domain knowledge and rules for detecting

middle level

Possible Hijack Events

## 124.156.136.0|22-0 Possible Hijack Events

Victim AS: 132203

Victim Country: CN ( China )

Victim Description: TENCENT-NET-AP-CN

Start Time: 2021-11-08 17:03:38

During Time: 0:10:8

Hijacker AS: 64

Hijacker Country: US (United States)

Hijacker Description: MITRE-AS-2

End Time: 2021-11-08 17:13:46

# Comparison

	BGPWatch	CAIDA HI3	bgpstream
Real-time delay	5mins delay	More than 2 hours	More than 2 hours
Event replay	√	×	√
Event statistical analysis	√	×	×
Event level evaluation	√	×	×
Benign MOAS report	√	√	×
Reported hijack events per day	About 15-25	About 30-40	Less than 10
medium-scale Hijack events	√	√	√



# **APNIC ISIF FUNDING PROGRAM**

**-- Developing a Collaborative BGP Routing Analyzing  
and Diagnosing Platform**

# Project Information

- Name: Developing a Collaborative BGP Routing Analyzing and Diagnosing Platform
- Co-PI: **Jilong Wang**, (Tsinghua University, CERNET, China)  
Co-PI: **Chalermpol Charnsripinyo** (ThaiREN, Thailand)  
Co-PI: **Simon Peter Green** (SingAREN, Singapore)
- Date: **2022.2.1 - 2023.7.30 (tbc with APNIC Foundation)**
- APNIC ISIF Grants : **US\$150,000.00**
- Tsinghua University In-Kind Contribution: **US\$69,660.00**
- Partnership: 13 Countries/Economies provided the letters of support
  - CERNET(China), ThaiREN(Thailand), SingAREN(Singapore), APAN-JP, HARNET/JUCC(Hong Kong, China), LEARN(Sri Lanka), BdREN(Bangladesh), MYREN(Malaysia), NREN(Nepal), ERNET(India), DOST-ASTI(PREGINET, Philippines), Gottingen University(Germany), Surrey University(UK), **AfgREN**

# Objectives & Deliverables

- **Build a collaborative BGP routing analyzing and diagnosing platform**
  - Looking Glass platform
  - BGP routing sharing platform
  - BGP monitoring and diagnosing platform, focusing on routing hijacking detection and mitigation system
  - BGP analysis platform, focusing on invulnerability analysis of regional routing
- **Set up a website for sharing knowledge**
- **Enhance the NREN capacity of network operation and measurement in Asia Pacific area and promote international collaborations**

# Project Team

- CERNET, China
- SingAREN, Singapore
- ThaiREN, Thailand
- BdREN, Bangladesh
- LEARN, Sri Lanka
- AfgREN, Afghanistan
- MYREN, Malaysia
- NREN, Nepal
- Gottingen University, Germany
- Surrey University, UK
- APAN-JP, Japan
- ERNET, India
- DOST-ASTI(PREGINET), Philippines
- HARNET/JUCC, Hong Kong, China

**More participations are welcomed!**



**LEARN**

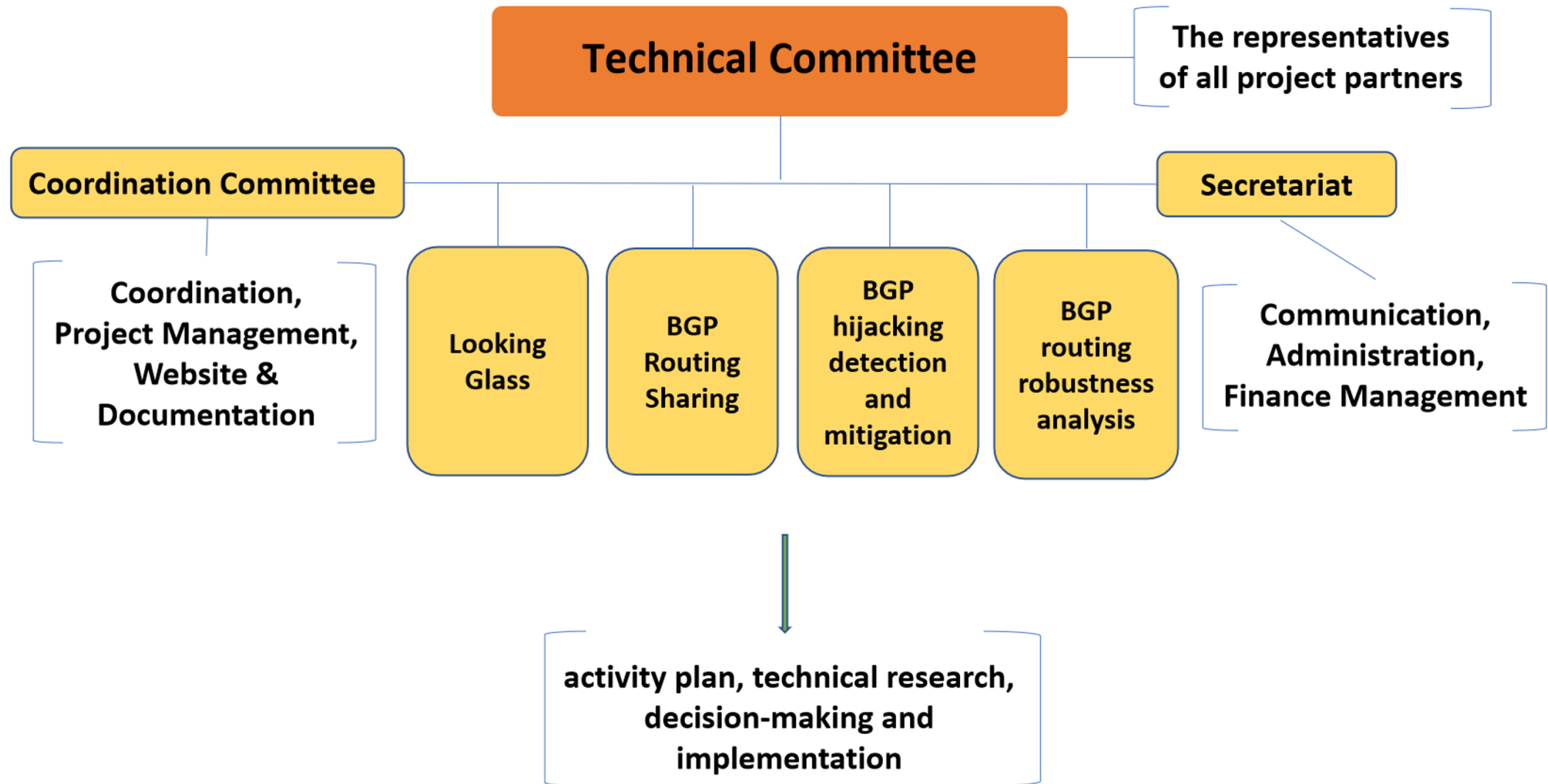


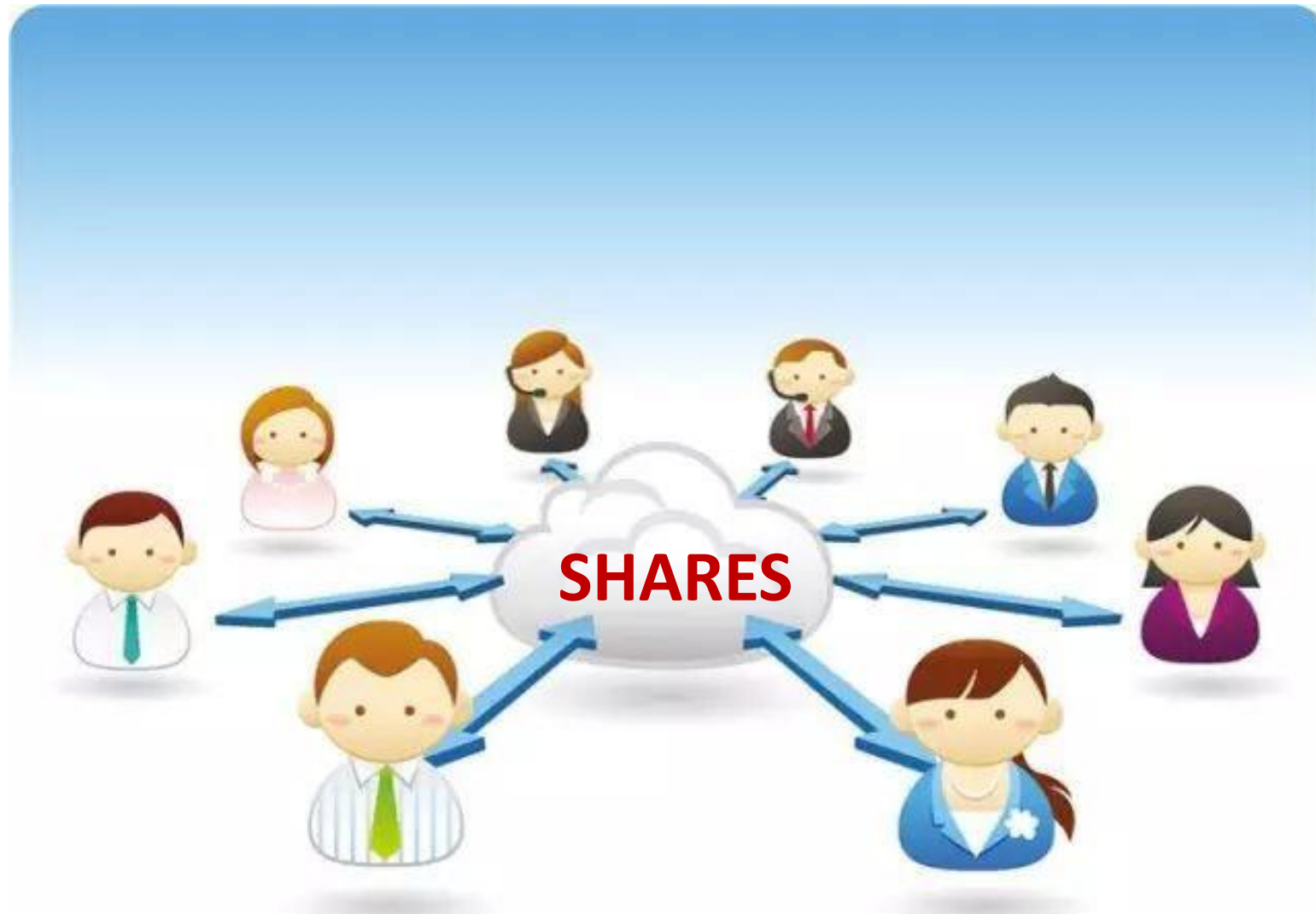
**APAN-JP**



**JUCC**

# Governance and Collaboration





Welcome more partners join the community  
Contact us: [acq@tsinghua.edu.cn](mailto:acq@tsinghua.edu.cn)